

Project 2 - 2D Visualization

Jiaheng Tang

Concept Description

I'm interested in one particular metadata - `itemNumber`. It is a unique and incrementing id that gets assigned and incremented each time a new item gets acquired. I want to plot the `itemNumber` as well as the `deweyClass` of each item over time to see if there are any interesting patterns.

MySQL Queries

```
SELECT DISTINCT
  i.itemNumber,
  i.bibNumber,
  it.itemType,
  t.title,
  b.deweyClass
FROM
  spl_2016.itemToBib AS i
  INNER JOIN spl_2016.itemType AS it ON i.itemNumber = it.itemNumber
  INNER JOIN spl_2016.title AS t ON i.bibNumber = t.bibNumber
  INNER JOIN spl_2016.deweyClass AS b ON i.bibNumber = b.bibNumber
WHERE
  b.deweyClass > 0
ORDER BY
  i.itemNumber
```

This query returns `itemNumber`, `bibNumber`, `itemType`, `title` and `deweyClass` of all the items sorted by `itemNumber`. It takes about 29 seconds and returns 2,391,281 results.

It's worth noting that there are duplicates with the same `itemNumber`, and only differs slightly in their titles. I removed them later when loading into processing. After removing the duplicates, there remain 2,326,621 records.

I then used a python script to substitute the `itemType` of each record to book or media or misc based on their original `itemType`. Here is the python script I wrote.

```
import csv

MEDIA = {'accas', 'arcas', 'bccas', 'jccas', 'jrcas', 'accd', 'arcd',
        'jccd', 'jrzd', 'accdrom', 'arcdrom',
        'bccdrom', 'drcdrom', 'jccdrom', 'acdisk', 'ardisk', 'jrdisk',
        'acdvd', 'ardvd', 'bcdvd', 'jcdvd', 'jrdvd', 'xrcdrom', 'acrec', 'arrec',
        'jcrec', 'jrrec', 'ucflpdr', 'acvhs', 'alvhs', 'arvhs', 'bcvhs', 'blvhs',
        'jcvhs', 'jlvhs', 'jrvhs', 'xrvhs', 'scmed', 'acvid', 'arvid', 'arweb',
        'jrweb'}
BOOK = {'acb', 'arbk', 'bcbk', 'drbk', 'jcbk', 'jrbk', 'bccd'}
```

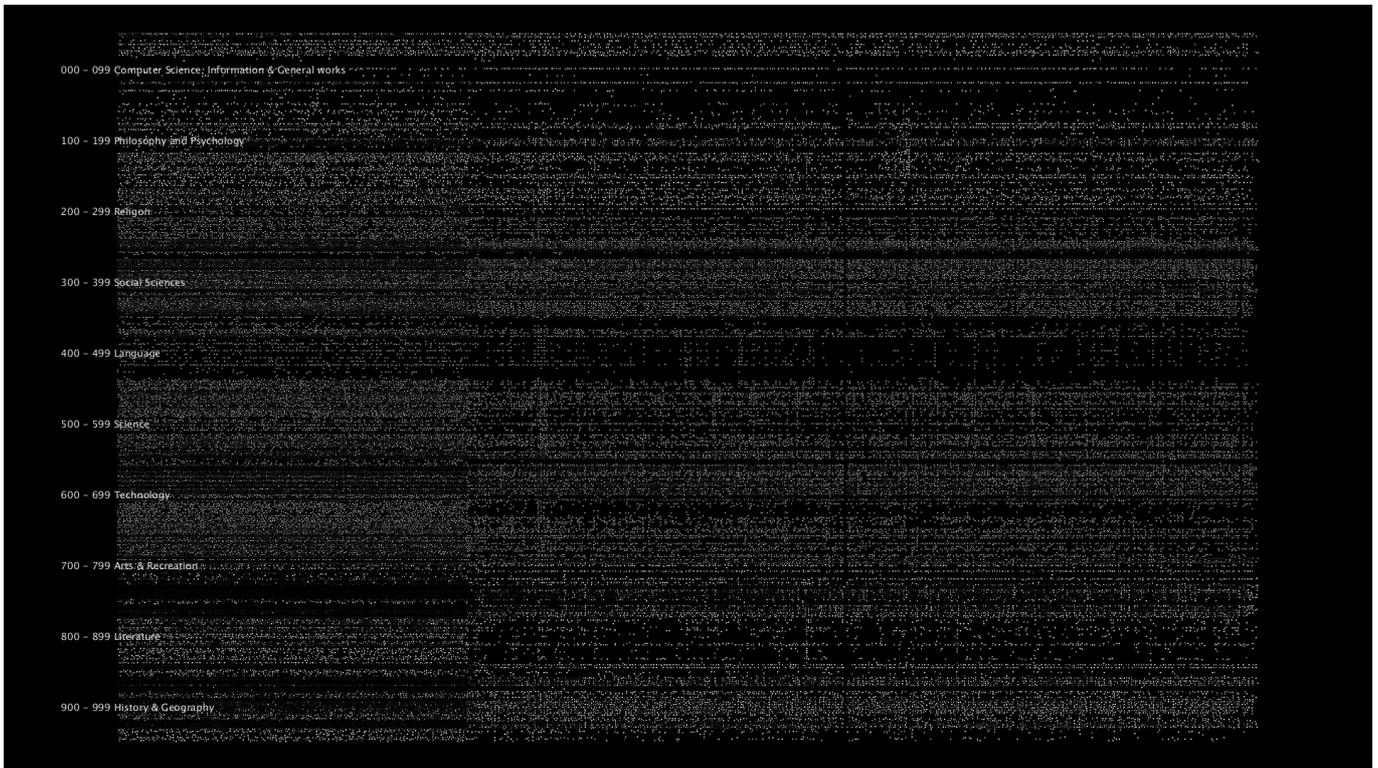
```
MISC = {'acfold', 'acart', 'dcillb', 'dcilll', 'ackit', 'arkit', 'bckit',
        'jckit', 'jrkit', 'xrper', 'acper', 'arper', 'bcper', 'drper', 'jrper',
        'acmap', 'armap', 'ahmfc', 'armfc', 'drmf',
        'ahmfm', 'armfm', 'drmfmp', 'drmfper', 'acmus', 'armus', 'xrmus',
        'arnp', 'drnp', 'dcord', 'drord', 'acunkn', 'arunkn', 'acpam', 'arpam',
        'xrpam', 'xrbk', 'acphoto', 'arphoto', 'acpost', 'arpost', 'acslide',
        'arslide', 'jcmus', 'jrmus', 'drtest', 'ucfold', 'ucunknj', 'ucunkn',
        'unk'}
```

```
def main():
    with open('data/out.csv', 'r') as csv_file:
        with open('data/out_processed.csv', 'w+') as out:
            csv_reader = csv.DictReader(csv_file, delimiter=',')
            fieldnames = ["itemNumber", "bibNumber",
                          "itemType", "title", "deweyClass"]
            csv_writer = csv.DictWriter(out, fieldnames=fieldnames)
            csv_writer.writeheader()
            for row in csv_reader:
                item_type = row['itemType']
                if item_type in MEDIA:
                    row['itemType'] = 'media'
                elif item_type in BOOK:
                    row['itemType'] = 'book'
                elif item_type in MISC:
                    row['itemType'] = 'misc'
                else:
                    row['itemType'] = 'misc'
                csv_writer.writerow(row)
            print('Done!')
```

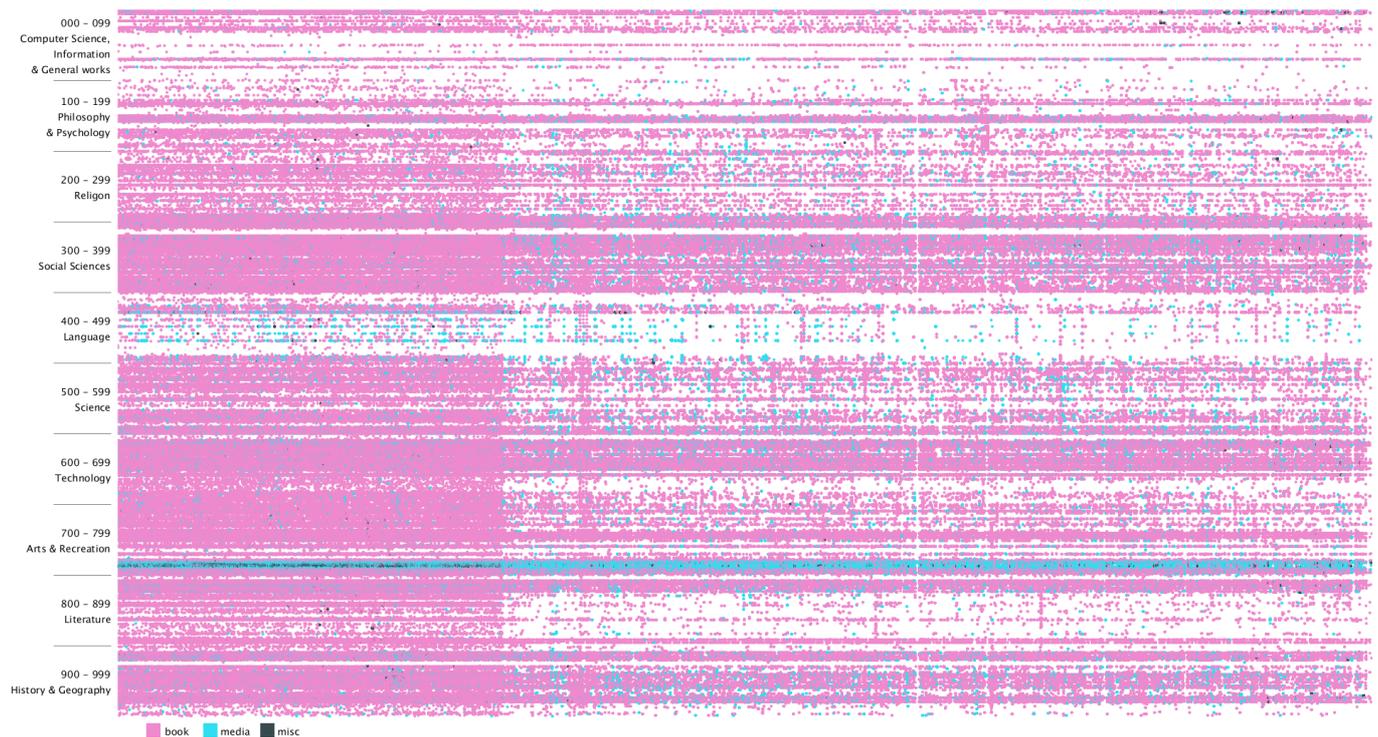
```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    main()
```

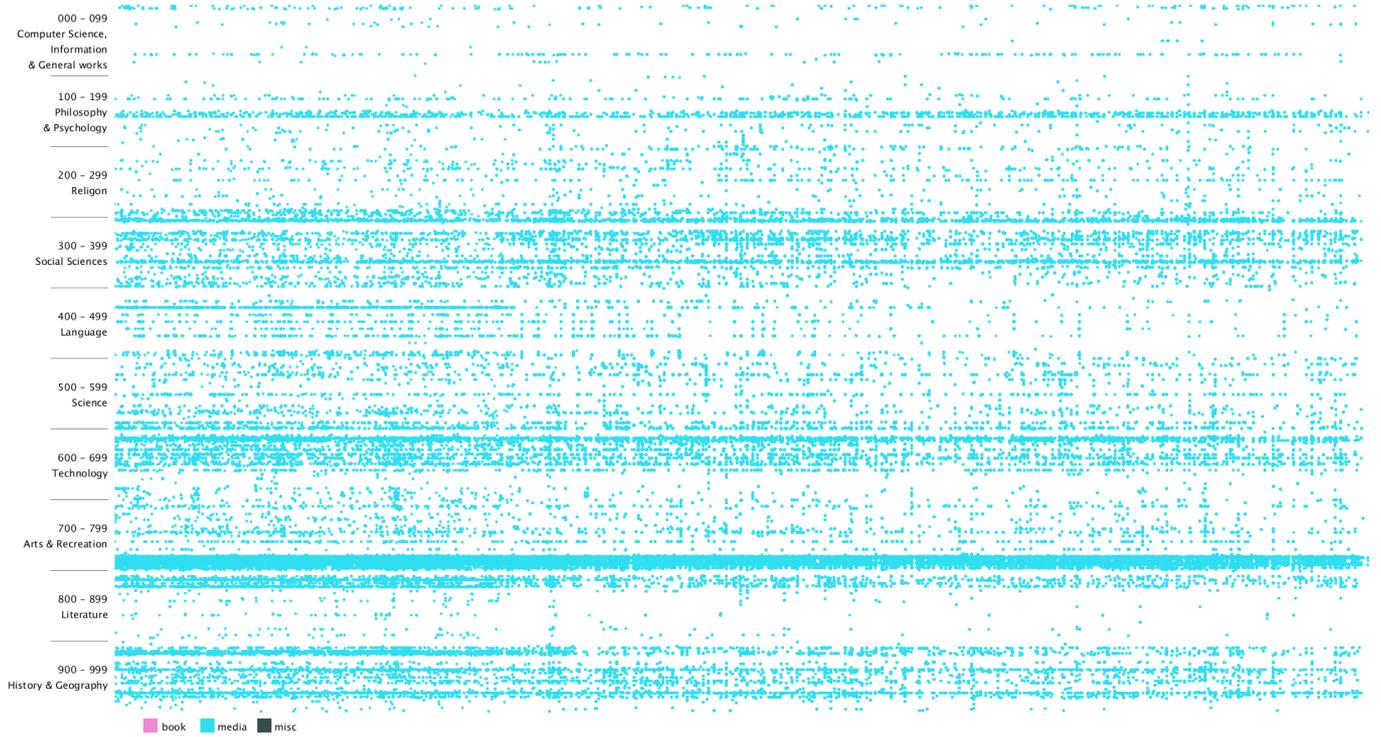
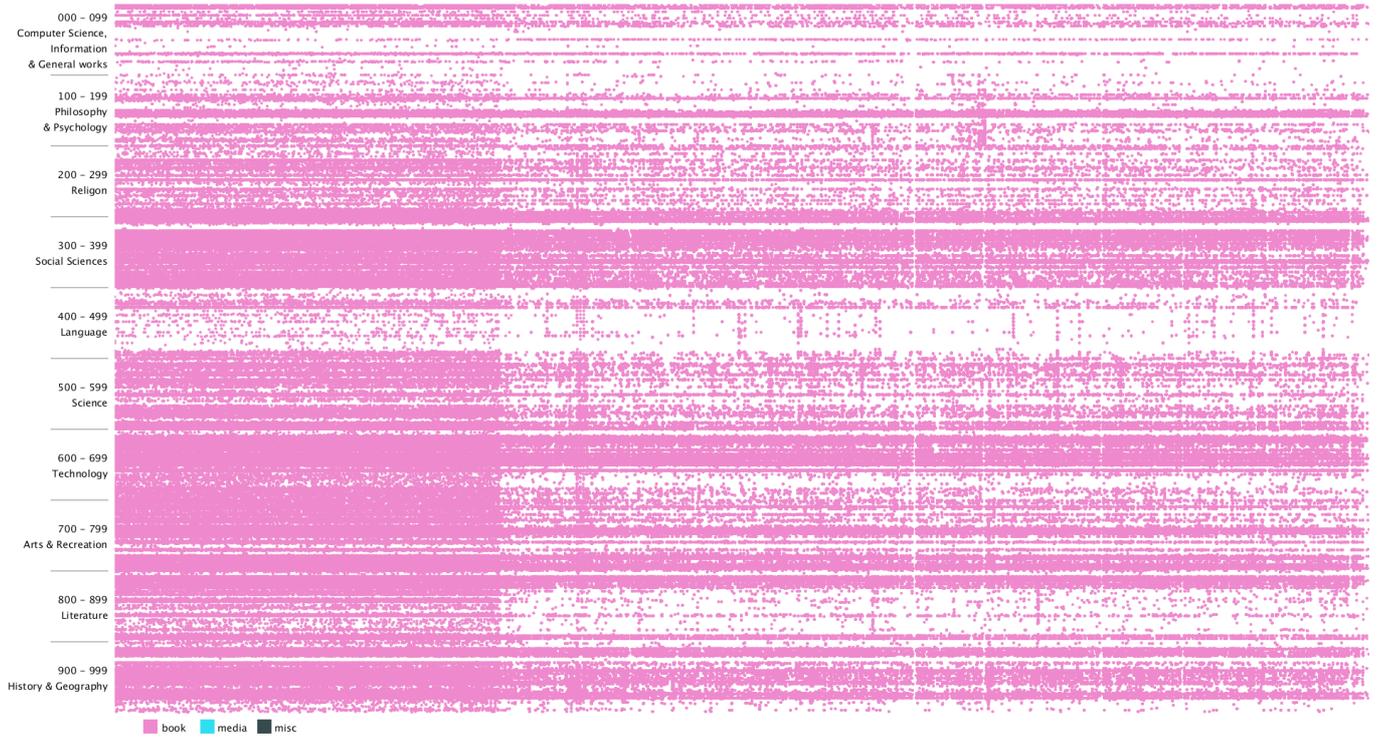
WIP screenshots

I started with a simple black background and plotting on x-y plane with deweyClass on the y-axis and item number on the x-axis. Since the item number is merely a number that gets incremented over time, it's hard to get the exact time that the item was bought.



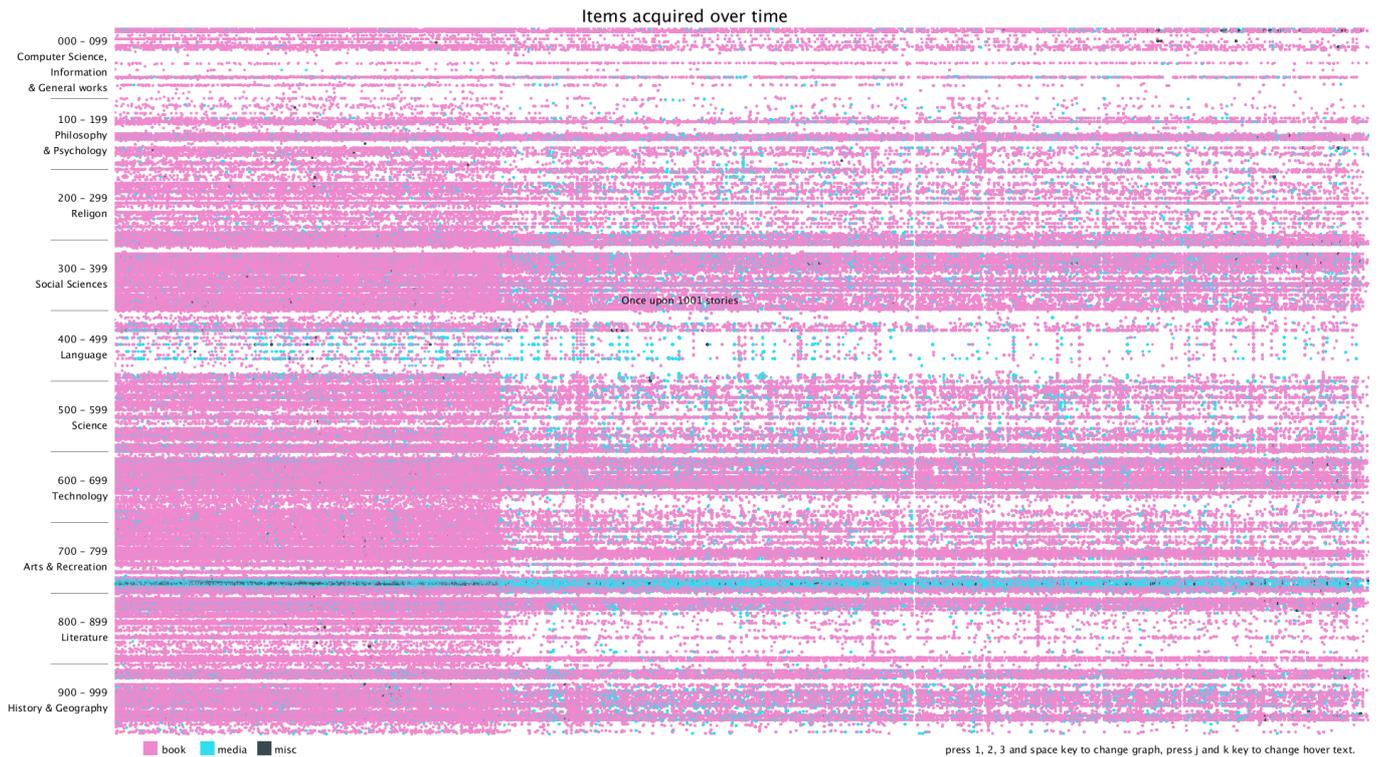
I then changed the background color to white and decided to use three different colors to represent three categories, book, media or misc. I used the color from Maroon 5's album cover "Red Pill Blues".



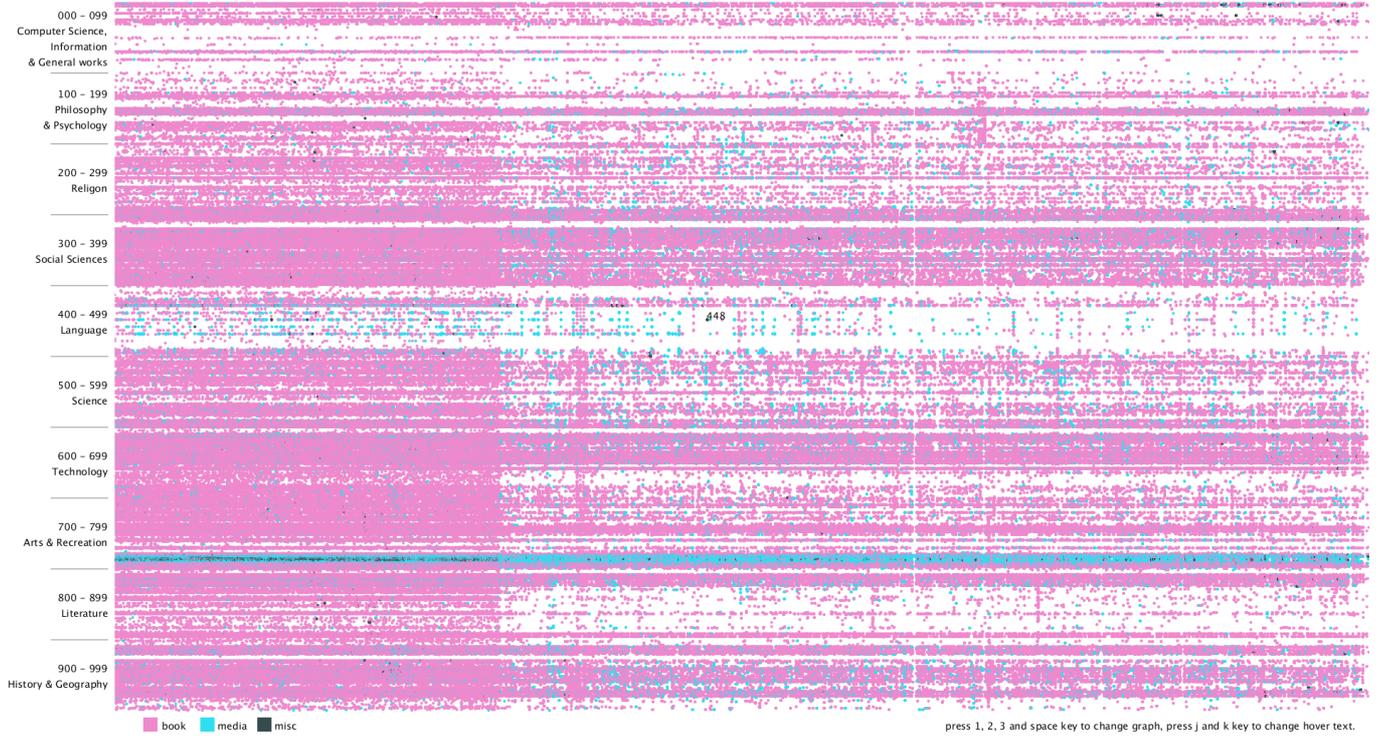




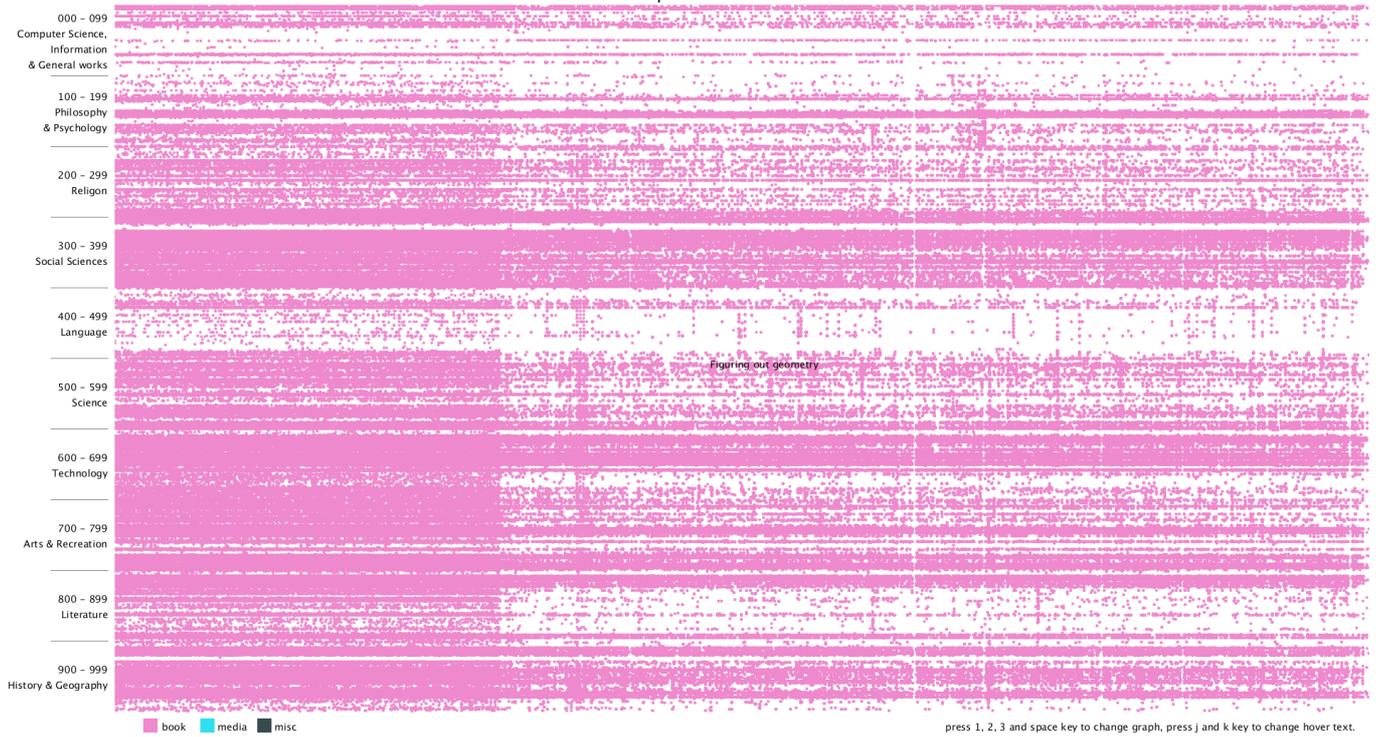
Lastly, I added a title, some instructions on how to use the program, and hover text when moving the mouse over a dot. The hover text can be switched between showing the current dot's Dewey class or showing its title.



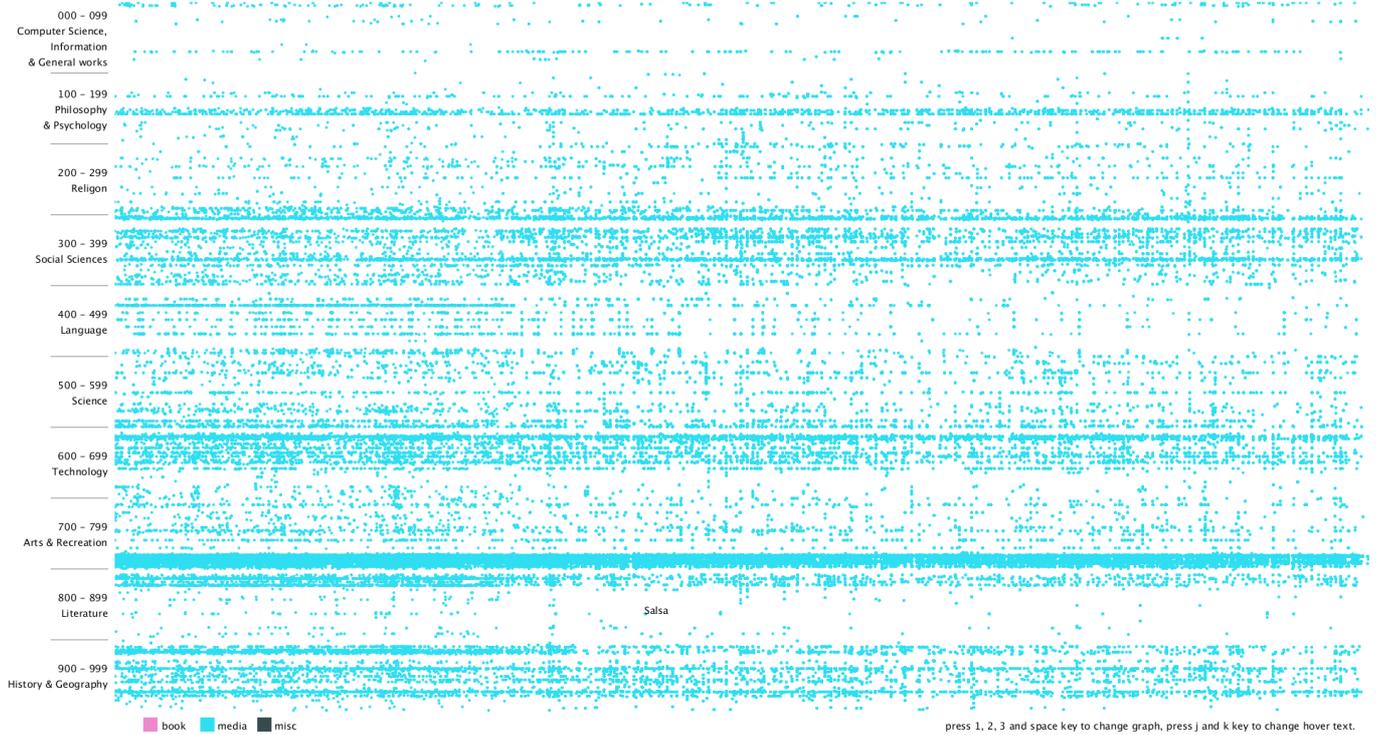
Items acquired over time



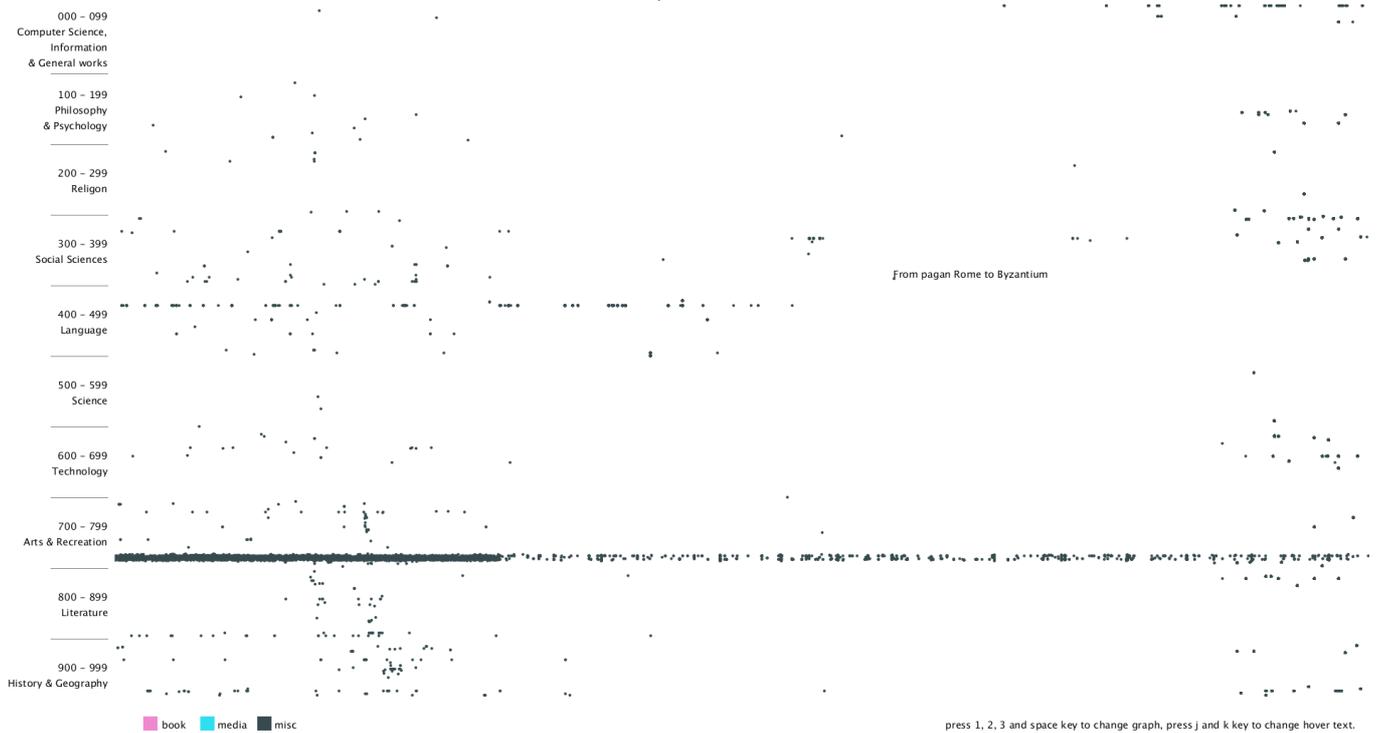
Items acquired over time



Items acquired over time



Items acquired over time



Optimization

I care about the performance of the program. After finishing the project, I spent some time to try to optimize my program further. Initially, I put my drawing function inside `draw()`, which runs in a loop. Because there are about 2.3 million circles that need to be drawn on the canvas, it takes about 30 seconds to redraw each time, and it makes keyboard and mouse interaction practically impossible since all the time are spent on drawing. After some research, I came up with using `PGraphics`. It allows me to draw to a buffer and save it, and later I can just use the content from the buffer without needing to redraw the frame. Therefore I used 4 `PGraphics`, to save the full, the book, the media, and the misc graph individually when the application starts up. I also put each of the drawing function in separate threads so that the operation can be done in parallel. This really improved the

performance of my application. Currently, it takes about 30 seconds on startup to draw the four graphs, and then it takes no time to redraw and switch between them. Of course, I can further divide the drawing area into smaller ones and use more threads to further accelerate if I feel the need to.

Final Results & Analysis

From the graph, we can clearly see that there are distinct vertical and horizontal lines that are missing the dots. Horizontal lines mean that some particular Dewey classes are never bought, in this case, 28 - 50 in Computer Science, 134 - 154 in Philosophy, 302 - 307 in Social Sciences, 917 - 929 are some of the examples. Vertical lines mean that there are some item numbers that are missing. However, it's really hard to find the exact purchase date of the item, since I wasn't even sure if the item number is evenly distributed. Therefore, I added the hover text function, so that when the mouse is over some dot, it will show the title of that item. I think this can give more information about the items and we can use the title to get the publish date of the item.

Future Improvements

I thought about adding the checkout time of each item, for example, if I can get the first checkout time of each item, I can then use that as an indication of approximately when the item is purchased. I wrote two versions of the query to do that, as shown below. However, they are all too slow to run, and I couldn't finish running them in time. I'm hoping to find new ways to go about it.

```
SELECT
  i.itemNumber,
  i.bibNumber,
  it.itemType,
  cout_tmp.cout,
  cout_tmp.title,
  b.deweyClass
FROM
  spl_2016.itemToBib AS i
  INNER JOIN spl_2016.itemType AS it ON i.itemNumber = it.itemNumber
  INNER JOIN (
    SELECT DISTINCT ir.itemNumber, ir.cout, ir.title
  FROM spl_2016.inraw AS ir
    INNER JOIN spl_2016.inraw AS ir2
    ON ir.itemNumber=ir2.itemNumber AND ir.cout < ir2.cout
  ) AS cout_tmp
  ON (i.itemNumber=cout_tmp.itemNumber)
  INNER JOIN spl_2016.deweyClass AS b ON i.bibNumber = b.bibNumber
WHERE
  b.deweyClass > 0
ORDER BY
  i.itemNumber
```

```
SELECT
  i.itemNumber,
  i.bibNumber,
  it.itemType,
```

```

MIN(ir.cout),
ir.title,
b.deweyClass
FROM
spl_2016.itemToBib AS i
INNER JOIN spl_2016.itemType AS it ON i.itemNumber = it.itemNumber
INNER JOIN spl_2016.inraw AS ir ON i.itemNumber=ir.itemNumber
INNER JOIN spl_2016.deweyClass AS b ON i.bibNumber = b.bibNumber
WHERE
b.deweyClass > 0
GROUP BY i.itemNumber, i.bibNumber, it.itemType, ir.title, b.deweyClass
ORDER BY i.itemNumber

```

Updates * 2/7/2019

I've made a few updates to make the visualization clearer and the program more user-friendly. Changes include:

- hover text shows dewey class and title together
- hover text now adjusts according to position and won't be out of canvas
- change background and legend colors
- make the circle smaller
- add comment section and more comments

Below are some screenshots.

